

A close-up, angled photograph of a Strinberg guitar's pickup and fretboard. The image shows two cream-colored pickup covers with six screws each, mounted on a dark red body. The fretboard is light-colored with dark frets. The brand name 'Strinberg' is visible in script on the pickup covers. The background is a dark, textured surface.

OWNER'S **GUIDE**

Strinberg

Strinberg electric guitars are equipped with high quality, high output pickups and have an adjustable truss-rod inside the neck, which allows correction of changes caused by variations in temperature, humidity, string tension, etc.

Truss-rod Adjustment

Before performing any adjustments, carefully verify if the neck curve is concave or convex (see pictures).



To do that, press the 6th string (low E) on the 1st fret with your left hand and on the 13th fret with your right hand, observing if the string is parallel to the fingerboard between the two points. If the distance between the fingerboard and the string is higher on the middle section than closer to the two points, the neck is concave. To adjust it, turn the truss-rod clockwise until the fingerboard is parallel to the string. A convex neck causes the strings to touch the fingerboard on the first frets, making a buzz sound. To check if the neck is convex, repeat the same previously explained procedure and observe if the 6th string touches the 5th fret. If that is the case, turn the truss-rod counterclockwise until the string is parallel to the fingerboard.

Octave Adjustment

Strinberg electric guitars come from the factory with the octaves adjusted.

Fine tuning (only for Floyd Rose Tremolo Bridge equipped models)

Unlock the strings and tune them to pitch using the machine head tuners. Lock the

strings back, check their pitch again and, if necessary, adjust them using the fine tuners on the bridge. When the fine tuners are not working anymore, repeat the process from the beginning.

- Floyd Rose Tremolo Bridge-equipped models come with a double-lock.

Care and Maintenance

- In order to keep your instrument in pitch and with a good quality sound, replace the strings frequently

- Store your instrument in a dry and cool place - don't let it exposed to the sun or intense heat

- For cleaning, use proper products, like guitar polish and cleaners. Use good quality cables only

Troubleshooting:

No sound comes out of the amplifier:

- Check if the cable is well connected on both sides

- Check if the amplifier is on and/or its settings

- Check the battery charge (for instruments with active pickups)

- Check the cable

Sound is distorted:

Check the amplifier voltage setting

- Check the battery charge (for instruments with active pickups)

There is a buzz sound:

- Check the truss-rod tension

- Clean the frets with a guitar polish

- Replace the strings with new ones

Sound is muffled:

- Check the guitar and amplifier equalization

- Replace the strings with new ones

Strings don't keep tuned:

- Check the truss-rod tension

- Check the fine tuners adjustment

- Replace the strings with new ones